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## ON STABLE PARALLELIZABILITY OF FLAG MANIFOLDS

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### ON STABLE PARALLELIZABILITY OF FLAG MANIFOLDS

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It was shown by Trew and Zvengrowski that the only Grassmann manifolds that are stably parallelizable as real manifolds are  $G_1(F^2)$ ,  $G_1(\mathbb{R}^4) \cong G_3(\mathbb{R}^4)$ , and  $G_1(\mathbb{R}^8) \cong G_7(\mathbb{R}^8)$  where  $F = \mathbb{R}$ , C, or H, the case  $F = \mathbb{R}$  having also been previously treated by several authors. In this paper we solve the more general question of stable parallelizability of *F*-flag manifolds,  $F = \mathbb{R}$ , C, or H. Only elementary vector bundle concepts are used. The real case has also been recently solved by Korbaš using Stiefel-Whitney classes.

THEOREM 1. Let  $s \ge 3$ ,  $\mu = (n_1, ..., n_s)$ . Then (i)  $FG(\mu)$  is stably parallelizable if  $n_1 = \cdots = n_s = 1$ , and parallelizable only when  $F = \mathbf{R}$ .

(ii) If  $n_i > 1$  for some *i* then  $FG(\mu)$  is not stably parallelizable.

Note that the case s = 2 is just that of Grassmann manifolds, which is already known. In §1 the proof of Theorem 1 is given. An explicit trivialization of the tangent bundle of  $\mathbf{R}G(1,...,1)$  is constructed in §2. We remark that similar questions can be asked of the "partially oriented" flag manifolds, that is manifolds of flags  $(\sigma_1,...,\sigma_s)$ , dim  $\sigma_i = n_i$ , in which some of the  $\sigma_i$  are oriented (cf. [5]). Results on these questions will be given in a later paper.

#### 1. Proof of Theorem 1.

Proof of (i). Let  $\mu = (n_1, \ldots, n_s)$  with  $n_i = 1$ . The stable parallelizability of  $FG(\mu)$  has been noted by Lam in [4]. The parallelizability of  $\mathbf{R}G(\mu) \cong O(n)/(O(1) \times \cdots \times O(1))$  is explicitly shown in §2 below. However, it can also be deduced from the theorem that the quotient of a Lie group by a finite subgroup is parallelizable (cf. [3] or [2], p. 502). To prove that  $FG(\mu)$  is not parallelizable for  $G = \mathbf{C}$  or  $\mathbf{H}$  we show that the Euler characteristic in these cases is non-zero. Note that  $\pi_n$ :  $FG(\mu) \to FP^{n-1} \cong FG(n-1,1)$ , the projection map that sends  $(A_1, \ldots, A_n)$  to  $A_n \in FP^{n-1}$ , is a bundle map with fibre  $FG(\mu_{s-1})$   $(\mu_{s-1} = (n_1, \ldots, n_{s-1}))$ . This bundle is orientable for  $F = \mathbb{C}$  or  $\mathbb{H}$ . Further,  $\chi(FP^m) > 0$  for  $F = \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\mathbb{H}$  and  $m \ge 1$ . Using induction and the multiplicative property of Euler characteristic we see that  $\chi(FG(\mu)) > 0$  for  $F = \mathbb{C}$  or  $\mathbb{H}$ .

*Proof of* (ii). Since  $FG(n_1, \ldots, n_s) \cong FG(n_{i_1}, \ldots, n_{i_s})$  where  $\{i_1, \ldots, i_s\} = \{1, \ldots, s\}$  we assume, without loss of generality, that  $n_1 \ge \cdots \ge n_s$ . Now let  $n_1 > 1$ . By [4] one has the following description of the tangent bundle  $\tau^F(\mu)$  of  $FG(\mu)$ :

$$\tau^{F}(\mu) \approx {}_{Z(F)} \bigoplus_{1 \leq i < j \leq s} \bar{\xi}_{i}^{F}(\mu) \otimes_{F} \xi_{j}^{F}(\mu)$$

where  $\xi_i^F(\mu)$  denotes the canonical *F*-vector bundle of rank  $n_i$  over  $FG(\mu)$  and  $\overline{\xi}_i^F(\mu)$  its conjugate bundle for  $1 \le i \le s$ . Note that

$$\xi_1^F(\mu) \oplus \cdots \oplus \xi_s^F(\mu) \approx \varepsilon_n^F$$

where  $\varepsilon_n^F$  is the trivial *F*-vector bundle of rank *n*.

Now consider the inclusion *i*:  $FG(\mu_{s-1}) \rightarrow FG(\mu)$  which is induced by the identification  $F^{|\mu|} \cong F^{|\mu_{s-1}|} \oplus F^{n_s}$ . Clearly

$$i^*(\xi_i^F(\mu)) \approx \xi_i^F(\mu_{s-1}) \text{ for } 1 \le i \le s-1 \text{ and}$$
  
 $i^*(\xi_s^F(\mu)) \approx \varepsilon_{n_s}^F.$ 

Therefore, denoting stable equivalence of Z(F)-bundles by ~,

$$i^{*}(\tau^{F}(\mu)) \approx i^{*}\left(\bigoplus_{1 \leq i < j \leq s} \bar{\xi}_{i}^{F}(\mu) \otimes \xi_{j}^{F}(\mu)\right)$$
$$\approx \bigoplus_{1 \leq i < j \leq s-1} \bar{\xi}_{i}^{F}(\mu_{s-1}) \otimes \xi_{j}^{F}(\mu_{s-1}) \bigoplus_{1 \leq i \leq s-1} \bar{\xi}_{i}^{F}(\mu_{s-1}) \otimes \varepsilon_{n_{s}}^{F}$$
$$\sim \tau^{F}(\mu_{s-1}) \quad \text{since} \ \bigoplus_{1 \leq i \leq s-1} \bar{\xi}_{i}^{F}(\mu_{s-1}) \approx \bar{\varepsilon}_{|\mu_{s-1}|}^{F}.$$

Let j be the composition of the inclusions

$$FG(\mu_2) \xrightarrow{i} \cdots \xrightarrow{i} FG(\mu).$$

By applying  $i^*$  successively, we obtain

$$j^*(\tau^F(\mu)) \sim \tau^F(\mu_2).$$

Now the conclusion of Theorem 1(ii) follows from the negative results on the stable parallelizability of Grassmann manifolds except when  $F = \mathbf{R}$ ,  $n_2 = 1$  and  $n_1 = 3$  or 7 (see [6]). We now consider the double covering

$$PV_{\mathbf{R}}(n,2) \xrightarrow{p} \mathbf{R}G(n-2,1,1)$$

where  $PV_{\mathbf{R}}(n, k)$  is the projective Stiefel manifold obtained by identifying a with -a for  $a \in V_{n,k}$ ,  $n \ge k \ge 1$ . If  $[\underline{a}] \in PV_{\mathbf{R}}(n, 2)$ , where  $\underline{a} = (a_1, a_2) \in V_{n,2}$ ,

$$p([\underline{a}]) = (\{a_1, a_2\}^{\perp}, \mathbf{R}a_1, \mathbf{R}a_2) \in \mathbf{R}G(n-2, 1, 1).$$

As for any covering map, we have

$$p^*(\tau^{\mathbf{R}}(n-2,1,1)) \approx \tau(PV_{\mathbf{R}}(n,2)).$$

From the results of Antoniano [1] we know that  $PV_{\mathbf{R}}(5,2)$  and  $PV_{\mathbf{R}}(9,2)$  are not stably parallelizable. Consequently  $\tau^{\mathbf{R}}(3,1,1)$  and  $\tau^{\mathbf{R}}(7,1,1)$  are not stably parallelizable, completing the proof in all cases.

**REMARK.** The top Chern class of CG(1,...,1) is its Euler class. Since the Euler characteristic of CG(1,...,1) is non-zero it follows that the top Chern class of  $\tau^{C}(1,...,1)$  is non-zero. Hence CG(1,...,1) is not stably parallelizable as a complex manifold.

2. Parallelizability of  $\mathbf{R}G(1,...,1)$ . We conclude this paper by constructing an explicit trivialization for  $\tau^{\mathbf{R}}(1,...,1)$ .

For each pair of integers k and  $l, 1 \le k < l \le n$ , we will construct a tangent vector field  $\varphi_{kl}$  and show that these  $\binom{n}{2}$  vector fields are everywhere linearly independent. Since dim  $\mathbf{R}G(1, \ldots, 1) = \binom{n}{2}$ , the space is therefore parallelizable.

Let  $\underline{a} = ([a_1], \dots, [a_n]) \in \mathbf{R}G(1, \dots, 1)$  where  $\{a_1, \dots, a_n\}$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbf{R}^n$ , and  $[a_i] = [-a_i] = \{a_i, -a_i\}$ . Define  $\varphi_{kl}$  as follows: Writing  $a_i = (a_{i1}, \dots, a_{in}) \in \mathbf{R}^n$  for  $1 \le i \le n$ ,

$$\varphi_{kl}(\underline{a}) = \sum_{1 \le i < j \le n} (a_{ik}a_{jl} - a_{il}a_{jk})a_i \otimes a_j, \qquad 1 \le k < l \le n.$$

It is clear that  $\varphi_{kl}$ :  $\mathbb{R}G(1, ..., 1) \to T^{\mathbb{R}}(1, ..., 1)$ , the total space of the tangent bundle  $\tau^{\mathbb{R}}(1, ..., 1) \approx \bigoplus_{1 \le i < j \le n} \xi_i \otimes \xi_j$  is well-defined and continuous.

Now consider the homomorphism  $f: \bigoplus_{1 \le i < j \le n} A_i \otimes A_j \to \Lambda^2(\mathbf{R}^n)$  defined by

$$f(a_i \otimes a_j) = a_i \wedge a_j$$

where  $A_i = \mathbf{R}a_i$ . Since  $\{a_1, ..., a_n\}$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbf{R}^n$ ,  $\{a_i \land a_j | 1 \le i < j \le n\}$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\Lambda^2(\mathbf{R}^n)$ . Therefore f

preserves inner products and is an isomorphism. Now

$$f\varphi_{kl}(\underline{a}) = \sum_{1 \le i < j \le n} (a_{ik}a_{jl} - a_{jk}a_{il})a_i \wedge a_j = u_k \wedge u_l$$

where  $u_k = \sum a_{ik}a_i = \sum a_{ik}a_{im}e_m = \sum \delta_{km}e_m = e_k$ ,  $\{e_1, \ldots, e_n\}$  being the standard orthonormal basis of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Therefore

$$\left\{f\varphi_{kl}(\underline{a}) \mid 1 \le k < l \le n\right\} = \left\{e_k \land e_l \mid 1 \le k < l \le n\right\}$$

is an orthonormal basis for  $\Lambda^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$ . Consequently  $\{\varphi_{kl}(\underline{a}) | 1 \le k < l \le n\}$ is an orthonormal basis for the tangent space at  $\underline{a}$  to  $\mathbb{R}G(1, \ldots, 1)$ . Since  $\underline{a} \in \mathbb{R}G(1, \ldots, 1)$  was arbitrary, it follows that  $\{\varphi_{kl} | 1 \le k < l \le n\}$  is everywhere linearly independent.

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