

## Errata for “The non-orientable 4-genus for knots with 8 or 9 crossings”

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[57M25](#); [57M27](#)

The original version of this article incorrectly claimed that the nonorientable 4-genus of the knot  $8_{21}$  is 1, while its correct value is 2. This mistake resulted from a typographical error in one of the references that the authors relied on. The correct statement of the Theorem 1.1 from the original article is:

**Theorem 1.1** *The values of  $\gamma_4$  for the 21 knots with crossing number 8, are given as follows.*

$$\gamma_4(K) = 1 \quad \text{for} \quad K = 8_3, 8_4, 8_5, 8_6, 8_7, 8_8, 8_9, 8_{10}, 8_{11}, 8_{14}, 8_{16}, 8_{19}, 8_{20}.$$

$$\gamma_4(K) = 2 \quad \text{for} \quad K = 8_1, 8_2, 8_{12}, 8_{13}, 8_{15}, 8_{17}, 8_{21}.$$

$$\gamma_4(K) = 3 \quad \text{for} \quad K = 8_{18}.$$

To compute  $\gamma_4(8_{21})$  one can use Corollary 3 from [1]. Let  $K$  be a knot with  $\det K = n$  and with  $n$  a product of primes all with odd exponent. Suppose that  $H_1(M(K); \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}_n$  where  $M(K)$  is the 2-fold cover of  $S^3$  branched along  $K$ . Then by the aforementioned corollary, if  $K$  bounds a Möbius band in the 4-ball, the linking form

$$\ell k : H_1(M(K); \mathbb{Z}) \times H_1(M(K); \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$$

has the property that  $\ell k(x, x) = \pm 1/n$  for some generator  $x \in H_1(M(K); \mathbb{Z})$ .

For  $K = 8_{21}$  the linking form  $\ell k : \mathbb{Z}_{15} \times \mathbb{Z}_{15} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$  is, up to isomorphism, given by multiplication by  $13/15$ . It is easy to check that  $\pm 1/15$  does not occur as an output value of  $\ell k(x, x)$  for any generator  $x \in \mathbb{Z}_{15}$ , proving that  $2 \leq \gamma_4(8_{21})$ . To see that  $\gamma_4(8_{21}) \leq 2$  it suffices to exhibit a nonorientable band move that changes  $K = 8_{21}$  into a knot  $K'$  with  $\gamma_4(K') = 1$ . This is accomplished in Figure 1 with  $K' = 5_2$ .

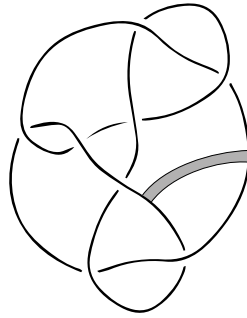


Figure 1: The knot  $8_{21}$  yields the knot  $5_2$  via the indicated nonorientable band move.

## References

- [1] P. Gilmer and C. Livingston, *The nonorientable 4-genus of knots*, J. Lond. Math. Soc. (2) **84** (2011), no. 3, 559–577.

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